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Spectrum of Suspected Cardiomyopathy Due to COVID-19: A Case Series

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> Abstract: The effects of COVID-19 on the cardiovascular system remains understudied given the early stage of the pandemic. Several case series and case reports have been published on COVID-19 related cardiomyopathies; however, there is often a lack of baseline echocardiographic data confirming a normal cardiac health prior to infection. Here we examine four patients with preserved left ventricular systolic function on prior echocardiogram who developed de novo cardiomyopathies which following COVID-19 infection. The study comprised of four individuals with an average age of 80.5 years, 75% of which were white males. 50% of cases were suspected to have Takotsubo CM vs. myocarditis while the remaining half were diagnosed as myocarditis. Left ventricular systolic function dropped from a normal range to an average of 30% during COVID-19 infection in these individuals. Moreover, half of the cases later died. In conclusion, the COVID-19 pandemic has demonstrated its ability to cause several serious cardiovascular complications with associated worsening of prognosis. Repeat TTE showed recovery of systolic

All authors have no conflict of interest to disclose. Curr Probl Cardiol 2021;46:100926 0146-2806/\$ – see front matter https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cpcardiol.2021.100926